Form 1: Preparation

To complete this form, refer to Guidance set out on Page 20 of the Toolkit

1.	What are you equality impact assessing?	All Wales Capability Policy
2.	Policy Aims and Brief Description	To ensure effective arrangements exist to deal with capability issues in a fair and consistent manner, where the emphasis will not be punitive, but will help employees to undertake their work to the required standard.
3.	Who is responsible for the Policy/work?	NHS organisations
4.	Who is Involved in undertaking this EqIA?	Welsh Partnership Forum Business Committee (Sub Group)
5.	Is the Policy related to other Policies/areas of work?	Equality, Sickness, Disciplinary, Grievance and Dignity at Work Policies. Codes of Conduct of Professional/Regulatory Bodies
6.	Stakeholders	All employees except Medical and Dental staff where specific arrangements apply in cases of professional conduct or competence.

7. What might help/hinder the success of the Policy?

Factors that may hinder:

Lack of leadership and commitment at Board level Lack of staff training and development to undertake duties to required standard

Lack of management capability to define and measure standards of performance

Factors that may help:

Development of knowledge and skills performance management framework Integration of performance management skills in management development Healthcare Standards

All Wales implementation plan to ensure delivery of policy objectives and good employment practice

Form 2 : Information Gathering✓

To complete this form, refer to guidance set out on Page 22 of the Toolkit

	Race	Disability	Gender	Sexual Orientation	Age	Religion Belief	Welsh Language
Is the policy relevant to the public specific duties relating to each equality strand? Tick as appropriate (for a definition of Relevance, refer to Page 22)	√	✓	√	✓	✓	✓	✓
In other words, should the Policy: eliminate discrimination and eliminate harassment in relation to:	√	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
 promote equality of opportunity in relation to: 	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	√
 promote good relationships and positive attitudes in relation to: 	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
 encourage participation in public life in relation to: 	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
In relation to disability only, should the Policy take account of difference, even if it involves treating some individuals more favourably?	Z	✓					

The Human Rights Act contains 15 rights, all of which NHS organisations have a duty to act compatibly with and to respect, protect and fulfil. The 6 rights that are particularly relevant to healthcare are listed below. For a fuller explanation of these rights and other rights in the Human Rights Act please refer to **Appendix A: The Legislative Framework**.

Depending on the Policy you are considering, you may find the examples below helpful in relation to the Articles.

	Yes	No
Consider, is the Policy relevant to:		
Article 2 : The right to life	Staff and Patient	
Examples : The protection and promotion of the safety and welfare of patients and staff; issues of patient restraint and control	safety issues	
Article 3: The right not be tortured or treated in an inhuman or degrading way	Issues of dignity	
Examples : Issues of dignity and privacy; the protection and promotion of the safety and welfare of patients and staff; the treatment of vulnerable groups or groups that may experience social exclusion, for example, gypsies and travellers; Issues of patient restraint and control	and respect and protection/promotion of patient and staff safety	
Article 5 : The right to liberty		√
Examples : Issues of patient choice, control, empowerment and independence; issues of patient restraint and control		

Article 6 : The right to a fair trial	Issue of fair decision	
	making process	
Example: issues of patient choice, control, empowerment and independence		
Article 8 : The right to respect for private and family life, home and	Issues of dignity	
correspondence; Issues of patient restraint and control	and privacy, for	
	example, potential	
Examples: Issues of dignity and privacy; the protection and promotion of the safety and	impact on job	
welfare of patients and staff; the treatment of vulnerable groups or groups that may	performance of	
experience social exclusion, for example, gypsies and travellers; the right of a patient or	caring	
employee to enjoy their family and/or private life	responsibilities.	
	Also, issues of	
	dignity and respect	
	for patients	
Article 11 : The right to freedom of thought, conscience and religion	Issues of respect for	
	different religious	
Examples : The protection and promotion of the safety and welfare of patients and staff;	beliefs and cultural	
the treatment of vulnerable groups or groups that may experience social exclusion, for	values	
example, gypsies and travellers		

Equality Strand	Information Gathered
Race	There is no local or national research to inform the assessment. There is anecdotal evidence to suggest that issues of language and culture may have a negative impact on staff performance.
Disability	There is no local or national research to inform the assessment. There is anecdotal evidence to suggest that disabled employees may be disproportionately subject to capability processes.
Gender	There is no local or national research to inform the assessment.
Sexual Orientation	There is no local or national research to inform the assessment.
Age	There is no local or national research to inform the assessment. There is anecdotal information to suggest that capability issues are more likely to affect older employees. However, this has to be considered against the overall age distribution of the workforce and the relatively small number of cases taken through the capability policy, to measure any negative and/or disproportionate effect.
Religion or Belief	There is no local or national research to inform the assessment.
Welsh Language	There is no local or national research to inform the assessment.
Human Rights	There is no local or national research to inform the assessment. General
	There are gaps in workforce data across all of the protected characteristics. Disaggregated workforce monitoring data is required to inform future policy review and assessment.

Form 3 : Assessment of Relevance and Priority

Equality Strand	Evidence: Existing Information to suggest some groups affected. Gathered from Step 2. (See Scoring Chart A)	Potential Impact: Nature, profile, scale, cost, numbers affected, significance. Insert one overall score (See Scoring Chart B)	Decision: Multiply 'evidence' score by 'potential impact' score. (See Scoring Chart C)
Race	2	+2	4
Disability	2	+1	2
Gender	2	+3	6
Sexual Orientation	1	+1	1
Age	2	+2	4
Religion or Belief	1	+1	1
Welsh Language	1	+1	1
Human Rights	1	+1	1 (20)/8=2.5

Scoring Chart A: Evidence Available Decision

3	Existing data/research
2	Anecdotal/awareness data only
1	No evidence or suggestion

Scoring Chart B: Potential Impact

-3	High negative			
-2	Medium negative			
-1	Low negative			
0	No impact			
+1	Low positive			
+2	Medium positive			
+3	High positive			

Scoring Chart C: Impact

-6 to -9	High Impact (H)	
-3 to -5	Medium Impact (M)	
-1 to -2	Low Impact (L)	
0	No Impact (N)	
1 to 9	Positive Impact (P)	

Form 8: Action Plan for Capability Policy

	ACTION	WHO	HOW/ WHEN
Monitoring Arrangements			
How will the Policy be monitored?	Monitoring arrangements will be determined locally.	Workforce, OD and HR Directors	
	Monitoring outcomes will be reported to Health Boards		Every 6 months
	At a national level, monitoring outcomes will be reported to Wales Partnership Board	Joint Chairs, Wales Partnership Board	Annual reporting
What monitoring data will be collected?	Local application of capability procedure disaggregated against each protected equality characteristic, workplace/directorate and staff group.	Workforce, OD and HR Directors	Ongoing
Other Actions			
Describe any other	Policy training for	OD Group	To be confirmed
actions highlighted	managers to include		
through the policy	scope and application of		
screening	duty to consider		

reasonable adjustments	
for disabled employees	