Part A: Preparation and Assessment of Relevance and Priority

Part A is a three step process which will help you to prioritise work and prepare for EqIA.

Step 1 - Preparation:

identify the title of the Policy/function/strategy, the main aims and the key contributors (see **Form 1**)

Step 2 - Gather Evidence:

collect, but do not analyse information at this stage - just see what evidence is available (see Form 2)

Step 3 - Assessment of Relevance and Priority:

determine whether or not the evidence demonstrates high, medium, low, or no relevance and priority across the core dimensions of the equality duties, by each of the equality strands (see **Form 3**)

Form 1: Preparation

Part A must be completed at the beginning of a Policy/function/strategy development or review, and for every such occurrence. (Refer to the Step-by-Step Guide for additional information).

Step '	I - Preparation	
1.	Title of Policy - what are you equality impact assessing?	Policy for Provision of Intra-operative Cell Salvage
2.	Policy Aims and Brief Description - what are its aims? Give a brief description of the Policy (The What, Why and How?)	The aim of the policy is to ensure that intra-op cell salvage is used safely, effectively, efficiently and appropriately.
3.	Who Owns/Defines the Policy? - who is responsible for the Policy/work?	The policy has been adopted from a template by the UK Cell Salvage Action Group and revised to suit local requirements by the Cell Salvage Working Group. CSWG reports to the Blood Transfusion Group, which reports to the Quality and Safety Committee.
4.	Who is Involved in undertaking this EqIA? - who are the key contributors to the EqIA and what are their roles in the process?	The Cell Salvage Working Group.
5.	Other Policies - Describe where this Policy/work fits in a wider context. Is it related to any other policies/activities that could be included in this EqIA?	Blood Transfusion Policy.

Step 1	- Preparation	
6.	Stakeholders – Who is involved with or affected by this Policy?	 Staff who require training and assessment in relation to intra-op cell salvage. Cell salvage operators Patients from various surgical specialties.
7.	What factors may contribute to the outcomes of the Policy? What factors may detract from the outcomes? These could be internal or external factors.	 Challenges of progressing training and competence assessment ICS machine availability Resources for consumables

Form 2: Evidence Gathering

Equality Strand	Evidence Gathered	Does the evidence apply to the following with regard to this Policy/work? Tick as appropriate.								
Race	No evidence of any issues affecting outcome of policy.								Take	
Disability	No evidence of any issues affecting outcome of policy.	Eliminating				Promoting		_	ke account	
Gender	No evidence of any issues affecting outcome of policy.			Promoting				Encouraging		
Sexual Orientation	No evidence of any issues affecting outcome of policy.	Discrimination		m		Good Rela			of difference individuals	
Age	No evidence of any issues affecting outcome of policy.	and		quality of		Relations and		participation	even more	
Religion or Belief	Policy will be consulted with Hospital Liaison Committee for Jehovah's Witnesses; risks of availability of ICS machines and trained staff at all times; need to ensure that discussion with and consent of individual Jehovah's Witness patients is undertaken and documented regarding acceptability of ICS to the individual.	Eliminating Ha	√ V	Opportunity	√	Positive	√	n in Public Life	it involves vourably*	
Welsh Language	National patient information leaflet being written. The leaflet is available in a number of languages (Welsh, Albanian, Arabic, Bengali, Chinese, Croatian, Farsi, French, Greek, Gujarati, Pashto, Polish, Punjabi, Serbian, Somali, Sorani, Turkish, Urdu, Vietnamese).	Harassment	√		√	Attitudes	√	Ø.	treating some	

People have a human right to: life; not to be tortured or treated in a degrading way; to be free from slavery or forced labour; to liberty; to a fair trial; not to be punished without legal authority; to respect for private and family life, home and correspondence; to freedom of thought, conscience and religion; to freedom of expression and of assembly; to marry and found a family and to not be

discriminated	discriminated against in relation to any of the rights contained in the European Convention.						
Human Rights	Potential with regards to religion for Jehovah's Witness patients as described above.						

^{*} This column relates only to Disability due to the specific requirement in the DDA 2005 to treat disabled people more favourably to achieve equal outcomes. This is not applicable to the other equality strands.

Form 3: Assessment of Relevance and Priority

Equality Strand	Evidence: Existing evidence to suggest some groups affected. Gathered from Step 2. (See Scoring Chart A)	Potential Impact: Nature, profile, scale, cost, numbers affected, significance. Insert one overall score (See Scoring Chart B)	Decision: Multiply 'evidence' score by 'potential impact' score. (See Scoring Chart C)
Race			
Disability			
Gender			
Sexual Orientation			
Age			
Religion or Belief	2	-2	Medium impact
Welsh Language	2	-1	Low impact
Human Rights	2	-2	Medium impact

Scoring Chart A: Evidence Available

3	Existing data/research
2	Anecdotal/awareness data only
1	No evidence or suggestion

Scoring Chart B: Potential Impact

-3	High negative
-2	Medium negative
-1	Low negative
0	No impact
+1	Low positive
+2	Medium positive
+3	High positive

Scoring Chart C: Impact Decision

-6 to -9	High Impact (H)
-3 to -5	Medium Impact (M)
-1 to -2	Low Impact (L)
0	No Impact (N)
1 to 9	Positive Impact (P)

FORM 4: (Part A) Outcome Report

Policy Title:	Policy for the Provision of Intra-operative Cell Salvage
Organisation:	Cardiff and Vale NHS Trust
Name:	Maria Roberts
Title:	Patient Safety Manager
Department:	Patient Safety and Quality Department
	EqIA undertaken in conjunction with Cell Salvage Working Group.
Summary of Assessment:	An ICS policy is required – the technique has been used for some time and practice needs streamlining and defining.
	Provision of ICS is positive for patients – especially
	Jehovah's Witness patients who accept its use.
	The main risk is of not being able to provide ICS due to
	challenges of implementing training and competence
	assessment programmes.
	 ICS is costly (when compared to banked blood in Wales).
	The Welsh Blood Service currently reimburses the UHB to
	the level of £68.5k. Assurance is required that the
	organisation will support use of ICS over and above this.
Decision to Proceed to Part B Equality	Yes /No
Impact Assessment:	Please record reason(s) for decision
	The risks identified are theoretical risks. There is no
	evidence to suggest that they have been realised. The UHB
	has worked closely with the local Hospital Liaison Committee
	who have provided the UHB with cell salvage machines in
	recent years. The potential for a positive impact therefore also exists.

Action Plan

You are advised to use the template below to detail any actions that are planned following the completion of Part A or Part B of the EqIA Toolkit. You should include any remedial changes that have been made to reduce or eliminate the effects of potential or actual adverse impact, as well as any arrangements to collect data or undertake further research.

	Action(s) proposed or taken	Reasons for action(s)	Who will benefit?	Who is responsible for this action(s)?	Timescale
1. What changes have been made as a result of the EqIA?	Training programme already in place but recent increased focus on progressing it.	To ensure availability of trained staff to use ICS.	Staff and patients.	Directorates	All actions listed are underway
	Cost reduction techniques in place – ie. Collection only.	 To ensure allocated budget is used efficiently. 	Organisation.	Directorates and organisation.	
	AuditPt information leaflet	 To monitor use. As part of PPI strategy. 	Pts and organisation.Patients.	CSWG National CS action group	

2. Where a Policy may have differential impact on certain groups, state what arrangements are in place or are proposed to mitigate these impacts?	Training programme	To ensure availability of trained staff to use ICS	Staff and patients	Directorates	• Underway
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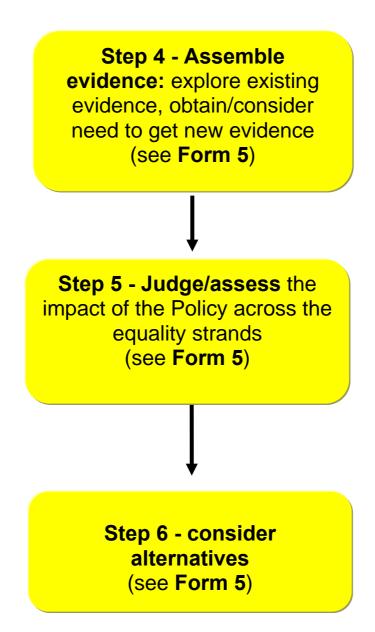
3. Justification: For when a policy may have adverse impact on certain groups, but there is good reason not to mitigate.	• The use of ICS is positive and of particular benefit to Jehovah's Witnesses who accept its use. The risks identified are potentially negative.					
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4. Describe any mitigating actions taken?	Training Cost reduction programme to promote effective use of resources to ensure budget lasts as long as possible.		
5. Provide details of any actions planned or taken to promote equality.	As per section 1.		

Date:	21.06.09
Monitoring Arrangements:	The policy will be monitored by the CSWG who will also have a member of the Hospital Liaison Committee for Jehovah's Witnesses on the membership. Ratification of the policy will occur via the UHB Quality and Safety Committee.
Review Date:	2014
Signature of all	Maria M Roberts
Parties:	Clinical Governance Facilitator on behalf of CSWG

Part B: Equality Impact Assessment

Part B has three steps:



Form 5: Equality Impact Assessment

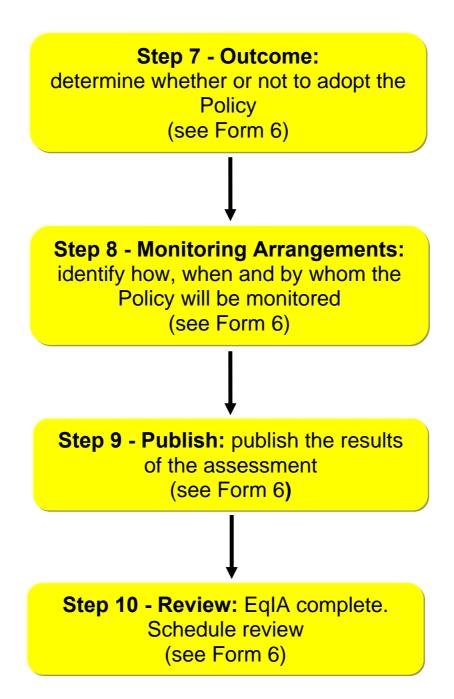
Step 4 - Assemble evidence						
1.	Do you have adequate information? Refer to Form 2 (Part A, Step 2: <i>Evidence Gathering</i>) If not, can the Policy go ahead during this process?					
2.	Does the evidence relate to all strands? (please explain)					
3.	What additional information is required?					
4.	State which representative bodies of relevant groups you will liaise with for support. Is the information representative?					

Dotail bolow whather	you have identified or	ay positivo, advorso or a	lifforontic	al offoot fo	or any of the following strands:
Detail below whether	you have luchtilled at	ly positive, adverse or t	merenda	ai ellect ic	or any of the following strands:
		EQUALITY STR	AND/GR	ROUP	
		Adverse	Differential	Positive	Comments
Age					
Disability					
Gender					
Race					
Religion or					
Belief					
Sexual					
Orientation					
Welsh Language					
Human Rights					

Step 6 - Consider	Step 6 - Consider Alternatives						
6.	Describe any mitigating actions taken to reduce adverse impact.						
7.	Is there a handling strategy for any unavoidable but not unlawful negative impacts that cannot be mitigated?						
8.	Describe actions taken to maximise the opportunity to promote equality i.e. changes to the Policy, regulation, guidance, communication, monitoring or review						
9.	What changes have been made as a result of the equality impact assessment?						

Part C: Outcome, Monitoring, Publication and Review

Part C is a four step process as follows:



Form 6: Outcome, Monitoring, Publication and Review

Step 7	Step 7 - Outcome: determine whether to adopt the policy or not			
1.	Will the policy be adopted?			
2.	If No please give reasons and any alternative action(s) agreed: (If the policy is not to be adopted please proceed to step 9).			
Step 8	3 - Monitoring arrangements: ide	entify how, when and by whom the policy will be monitored.		
3.	How will the policy be monitored?			
4.	What monitoring data will be collected?			

5.	How will this data be collected?	
6.	When will the monitoring data be analysed?	
7.	Who will analyse the data?	
Step 9	- Publish the results of the ass	essment
8.	What changes have been made?	
9.	Describe any mitigating actions taken Provide details of any actions taken to promote equality	

10.	Describe the arrangements for publishing the EQIA Outcome Report	
Step '	10 - Schedule review	
11.	When will the policy be subject to a further review?	