

Freedom of Information Act 2000 – Request Reference FoI/24/305
Insourcing

1. Have you used insourcing providers last financial year? (April 2023 - March 2024)

Yes.

2. Which clinical activities have been insourced and from which insourcing company in the last financial year (April 2023 – March 2024)? Please detail your spend on insourced activities by company, specialty or procedure, and year E.g. Company X, Endoscopy, £10000.

In completing a search for the information requested, Cardiff and Vale University Health Board (the UHB) has confirmed that this information is not centrally recorded or collated. To retrieve the information requested would require a manual search through individual records and the UHB considers that this would exceed the limit set within Regulations for responding to a request. The UHB has therefore relied upon the section 12 exemption of the Freedom of Information Act 2000 ('Exemption where cost of compliance exceeds appropriate limit') and is refusing your request.

The UHB has estimated that to complete the work needed to respond to this request would exceed the time limit as set within Regulations to respond to a Freedom of Information Act request. Under the Act there is an allowance of two and a half days, or 18 hours, to comply with a request and the cost limit set within the Fees Regulations for this amount of work (18 hours) is £450 for the UHB. The Fees Regulations specify that the cost of complying with a request must be calculated at the rate of £25 per hour.

The UHB can advise that insourcing activity is not currently coded.

3. What was the insourcing total spend by the Health Board for 23/24?

The UHB believes that the exemption as outlined in section 12 of the 2000 Act applies here and is therefore refusing your request.

4. Outside of procurement team who is the Senior Officer responsible for Insourcing?

After considering your request, the UHB believes that the data requested is classed as personal data as defined under the General Data Protection Regulation (GDPR) and Data Protection Act 2018. Its disclosure would be contrary to the data protection principles and constitute unfair and unlawful processing with regard to Articles 5, 6, and 9 of the GDPR. We are therefore withholding this detail under section 40(2) of the Freedom of Information Act 2000. This exemption is absolute and therefore there is no requirement to apply the public interest test.